progressive views wish not only to smash Buddhism (alongside Christianity and all other residues of medieval superstition), but also to destroy commodity capitalism in all its forms including the art market. ART IS DEAD, BURN THE MUSEUMS BABY!

## Here We Dance: March/May 08

On 12 July 1789 Camille Desmoulins famously jumped on a caf table outside the Palais Royal in Paris to incite the assembled crowd to take up arms because King Louis had dismissed Jacques Necker and it was therefore to be feared that those reforming the French state were about to be massacred. Brandishing pistols Desmoulins announced he would not let the police capture him alive. The insurrection that followed led to the storming of the Bastille two days later, and ultimately to full blown revolution.

To accompany his neon sculpture "Ici on Danse", Ian Hamilton Finlay employs a printed quote from Camille Desmoulins about the festival held on the site of the Bastille one year after the fall of the prison:

'While the spectators, who imagined themselves in the gardens on Alcinous, were unable to tear

## Negotiating the Level 2 Project Space at Tate Modern

**Stewart Home** 

diffusions=n=cator

go without saying that those of us with more capitalist competitors in the Far East). It should a role in retarding the development of their semi-feudal gangbangers they perceive as playing Americans support the Dali Lama, whose still Buddhism, and so many Europeans and the Chinese bourgeoisie wishes to smash Tibetan effect on neighbouring territories (which is why disseminated, and these often had a destabilising which Buddhist theology and texts were variant. Tibet was for centuries a centre from latter is, of course, no better than its Chinese the agenda of Anglo-American imperialism. The supporting the Dali Lama merely end up serving effects of Chinese capitalism in Tibet by those who claim to be opposing the deleterious the museums baby!" Religion is dead too, and spectacularly with the slogan: "Art is dead, burn Motherfucker summed his views up rather more New York collective Up Against The Wall Taking a cue from Duchamp, the radical 1960s

made at the same time as you are alive, and it has all the requisites of a work of art, which is to make, and your contemporaries are making works of art. They are works of art at the time you live, but once you are dead they die too."

.....

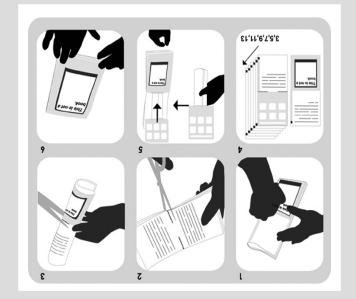
I missed the first work one encounters in "The Irresistible Force" when I went to the private view, not noticing it until I went back for a second look a few days later. This is a smoke painting by the Paris based collective Claire Fontaine; it has been burnt into the ceiling immediately before one enters the gallery, in a dead space near the doors into both the main foyer and the Level 2 shop. The work is circular in form and reads: "The Educated Consumer Is Our Best Customer". The text is reflected in reverse through the glass entrance to the Level 2 Gallery, and this creates the illusion of it having been burnt into the ceiling inside the gallery as well as outside. It thereby echoes the work of Tim Davis, also included in echoes the work of Tim Davis, also included in

To me The Level 2 Gallery is the most interesting space in the Tate Modern. It was designed to be a shop and is architecturally extremely challenging to curators installing shows within it. The shop was moved into what was originally the foyer beyond it, because in its initial location this retail outlet failed to attract sufficient passing trade to nake it financially viable. Although a part of the Tate Modern, the Level 2 Gallery feels as if it is separated from the rest of the building.

Irresistible Force: September/November 07

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Stewart Home

Megotiating the Level 2 Project Space at Tate Moc

"The Irresistible Force", photographs of corporate signs reflected in house windows. The other work in "The Irresistible Force" by the Claire Fontaine collective is STRIKE (K font V.11) which is installed in the window of the gallery; a series of bright fluorescent bulbs spelling out the word 'Strike'; these switch off whenever sensors detect movement nearby. To me this signals not simply post-modern exhaustion, but also the fact that notions of inside and outside are socially constructed rather than real. Inside and outside interpenetrate each other. "STRIKE" was aimed at an audience that consisted as much of those City workers who could see it through the windows of their office blocks, as it was at those visiting Tate Modern.

The curatorial model for "The Irresistible Force" is very much middle European in origin (and it is both exciting and unusual to see it used in its pure form at an institution like Tate Modern). Loosely themed around what might be described as an 'ideological' category (in this case the notion of 'economy'), the works in this type of show are always in a variety of media, come from all over the world, and share few formal characteristics; instead of attempting to impose a

In September 2007 Tate Modern announced Stewart Home had begun a year long engagement as writer-in-residence at their Level 2 Gallery. His brief was to write texts responding international artists. For links to all eight of the pieces that constitute this project go to:

http://www.stewarthomesociety.org/level2/level2.htm

longer exists.

the distinction between 'mine' and 'thine' no enjoy a world of ever growing ecstasy in which associated with citizenship and the state, we will national borders and the onerous restrictions will be free flowing. Throwing off the chains of replay of something that's already happened, they movements will no longer resemble a slow motion the British or the French state, but all states. Our of the state. I don't mean here just the grave of instead kick off our shoes to dance on the grave festival held on the ruins of the Bastille and we'll finally move beyond contemplation of the ocean floor. The show left me wondering when mind the slow trudge of a deep sea diver along an movement of bodies through states brings to my comic bicturesque; the way it depicts the pigeon-hole it in an aesthetic category I'd opt for

financial meltdown, and many commentators are American sub-prime lending market faced time as British bankers Northern Rock and the exhibition about economy 'failed' at the same Thus the most obviously illustrative work in an and 'fiction' produce and mediate each other. indicative of the dialectical way in which 'reality' precipitated the shutting down of this piece is inconvenience this may cause." The leak that machine is not operational. We apologise for any next to "The Fountain of Prosperity" read: "This when I revisited the show. A hastily installed sign of it and onto the floor, it had been switched off during the private view, but since fluid leaked out economy operates. The sculpture was working order to illustrate the complex ways in which the push coloured water around clear plastic tubes in Prosperity" consists of hydraulics designed to Michael Stevensons piece "The Fountain of

identify itself.

predetermined meaning on viewers, such ensembles invite us to bring our own experiences into play as we respond to the individual pieces and their collective effect. To me this is post-modernism in its 'post'-'ideological' phase, a post-modernism that feels no need to name or

Edmund Burke's "A Philosophical Enquiry into the Origin of Our Ideas of the Sublime and Beautiful" (1757). Burke defines the beautiful as well-formed and pleasing, with the sublime by contrast having the power to compel and destroy us. The shift from an aesthetic taste for the beautiful to a preference for the sublime is often viewed as marking the onset of Romanticism. Later, in his best known book "Reflections on the Revolution in France" (1790), Burke stupidly denounced the French Revolution as a revolt against tradition, and this tract earned him the posthumous reputation as the founding father of modern British conservativism.

While an attraction to the sublime does not invariably mean a post-Romantic artist has a right-wing political outlook, there does seem to be a relationship between these two things that goes beyond mere coincidence. That said, Ian Hamilton Finlay doesn't necessarily fit into this schema; he presents the French Revolution in a positive light although he is clearly most attracted to those elements connected to The Terror, which can be viewed as its sublime aspect.

The "Here We Dance" exhibition as a whole is neither sublime nor beautiful, and if I had to

asking whether we are heading for the biggest recession since the 1930s.

Conrad Bakker's work for this show was a block of wood carved and painted to look like a recent edition of "Das Kapital". For me this piece symbolises recent blockages in attempts to transform the world, but in light of current events it seems obsolete, since with the ongoing breakdown of the capitalist system we are apparently crossing a line which opens up new opportunities for social transformation. Two separate ensembles of work in "The Irresistible Force" by Matei Bejenaru and Judi Werthein explicitly address the issue of national borders, and these simultaneously serve as a metaphor for a less visible political border that we are currently negotiating our way around. Finally there is a video installation by Mika Rottenberg which shows female wrestlers caught in an endless cycle of what appears to be pointless labour. The cleavage shots of the large women in Rottenberg's film made me think of what I had in my knapsack when I came to "The Irresistible Force" private view; a DVD of director Luigi Batzella's 1974 sleaze epic "Nude For Satan", which I'd found earlier that day in a bargain bin in Soho. When

notion that found its best known exposition in statement was the concept of the sublime, a What Stockhausen was fumbling with in this

composers are nothing." moment. I couldn't do that. Compared to that we thousand people are driven to the atterlife. In one on this single performance, and then five there. There are people who are so concentrated the whole cosmos. Just imagine what happened And that is the greatest work of art that exists for fanatically for a concert. And then die. (Pause.) of, that people practise ten years madly, something which we in music could never dream been. The fact that spirits achieve with one act prains - the biggest work of art there has ever is, of course - now all of you must adjust your Stockhausen replied: "Well, what happened there about the destruction of the Twin Towers, a spate of concert cancellations. When asked expressed about the 9/11 attack that finally led to reactionary, but it was the opinions this musician because they viewed him as racist and the German composer Karlheinz Stockhausen artist Henry Flynt) picketed New York concerts by Cultural Imperialism (headed by one time Fluxus Back in the 1960s the group Action Against

Curator of Film and Live Events at Tate Modern, hosting "Irresistible Force", in fact it isn't. As curatorial practice and interests of the institution first glance appear very far removed from the That said, while "Mude For Satan" might still at

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brothers and Mark Waller (to give just two influence can be seen in the work of the Chapman confemborary artists grew up with, and its emplematic of the type of pop culture many whippings and plenty of lesbianism. The film is Satanic ritual complete with flaming skulls, inserts but that appears to be lost) and trashy (there was a version of the film with hardcore indulge in 83 minutes of psychedelic softcore sex Solvay) and his audience the perfect excuse to Batzella (working under the pseudonym Paolo into debauchery. Needless to say this gives from the good in an evil plot to lure the virtuous themselves which have somehow been separated they meet their doubles, the bad parts of crash and find themselves in a chateau where in "Nude For Satan" appear to have died in a car clinched the connection for me. The protagonists wrestlers, showing her black knickers, this there was a shot up the skirt of one of the police investigation into the case.

Although the fascist sympathies of the avant-garde Futurists clustered around F. T. Marinetti are well known, the far-Right extremism of Italys leading Dadaist has elicited less comment from art historians. Julius Evola (1888-1974) was no more than a fringe member of Marinetti's Futurist movement, but his extended correspondence with Tristan Tzara and involvement with the publication "Revue Bleu" placed his poetry and visual doodles at the centre of Italian Dadaism. Finding the avant-garde insufficiently elitist for his aristocratic tastes, from 1923 onwards Evola switched his attention to esoteric studies and the ideological development of fascist politics. Evola was savagely anti-Semitic and championed a form of traditionalism grounded in what he called pagan imperialism. Because Evola viewed Germanic Nazism as ideologically inferior to his equally barmy brand of racism, he was often side-lined in far-Right circles prior to the defeat of the Axis powers; but after 1945 he became the high priest of Italian neo-fascism and inspired the terrorists convicted of the Bologna train station bombing to take up arms.

Stuart Comer runs an exciting and innovative moving image programme in the main auditorium, and a couple of years ago he hosted a season of Italian B movies (mainly from the seventies) to coincide with an exhibition of twentieth-century Italian art elsewhere in the building. "Nude For Satan" wasnt one of the movies Comer included in his Italian Bs programme, but it could have been, since the directors this pioneering curator chose to showcase included Mario Bava, Fernando di Leo and Lucio Fulci, men who not only share a popular audience with Luigi Batzella, but are all too often every bit as misunderstood. So while the Level 2 Gallery appears separated from the rest of Tate Modern, it isn't; inside and outside interpenetrate each other, there is a process of 'exchange' at 'work' here...

## Illuminations: December 07/February 08

"Illuminations brings together five film and video works that explore gestures, objects and spaces that shape or express belief. The title refers both to the light generated by projected images in a darkened gallery and to metaphorical states of enlightenment attainable through faith. Belief be it spiritual, philosophical or scientific is a means

receiving legal sentences for maliciously impeding with members of Italian military intelligence far-Right activists were convicted for the atrocity, initially blamed on left-wing terrorists, then station bombing which killed 85 people was so that Italy. For example the 1980 Bologna train twentieth-century terrorism, and nowhere more been implicated in much nineteenth and opposed. Indeed, national security services have military-industrial complex they allegedly methodology of terrorists from that of the armies, there is little to differentiate the but beyond the greater destructiveness of regular organised-for-profit ways of the capitalist world, 1970s claimed they were fighting the Many western urban guerrillas of the 1960s and

programme the German Red Army Faction (RAF) and those who combated them each get to speak in their own voices, and are thus revealed as mirror images of each other. The political incendiaries of the RAF clearly believed themselves to constitute an elite who had the right to lead and shape the world, their self-image of having risen above the common mass of humanity was a vanguardist delusion they shared with top state officials.

Can art last? Does faith endure? These were questions the "Illuminations" exhibition led me to ask despite the accompanying curatorial material speaking of belief in its 'spiritual, philosophical or scientific' forms. Without doubt my reaction stemmed from the fact that four of the five works on display directly addressed religious belief, and even caraballo-farman's "Contours of Staying" even caraballo-farman's

social behaviour." Lucy Askew and Ben Borthwick communal frameworks that order moral and examine the position of the individual within documentary and observation, the artists Through a range of strategies, including which can provoke reflection and transformation. presented as an intrinsic feature of daily life, through the media of video and film, belief is rituals of commitment and revelation. Viewed captures incidents and gestures that relate to places, symbols, words and actions. Their work Mrjen explore how belief is articulated through Sanford Biggers, caraballo-farman and Valrie exhibition, artists Lida Abdul, Dan Acostioaei, irrational, individual or collective. In this instinctive, questioning or blind, reasoned or sense of the world. It can be resolute or through which individuals recognise and make

appeal of terrorist images to a certain type of artist is obvious. Currently describing himself as a 'gold card anarchist', fashion millionaire Toby Mott used to be a member of the now defunct Grey Organisation and in this capacity he was involved in various actions against cultural institutions. The best known Grey Organisation stunt took place in 1984, when its members painted the windows of all the art galleries in Cork Street grey. Mott isn't nostalgic about his days as an art terrorist: "I wouldn't do what we did in the eighties again. Everything has changed since then, it would be pointless. A lot of people today, like those responsible for messing up Tracey Emin's bed at the Tate, are just wanting in on the art world. That isn't interesting. But I'm all for bringing down bourgeois idols. If there is a point to what people do, then I'm all for it. Destroying art works

Gail Pickering's contributions to "Here We Dance" were as far removed from art terrorism as it is possible to get. The performances in which she recites the actual words of terrorists among other things, bring to mind "Generation Terror", a 2002 BBC documentary by Ben Lewis. In this

misses the point, it just provides work for

someone making a replacement or replica."

which is premised on endurance, foregrounds spiritual rather than scientific questions when repositioned as a work about belief. "Contours of Staying" is a film of protestors meditating outside the Chinese consulate in New York during a blizzard until finally the harsh weather conditions force them to abandon their demonstration. What struck me most about this piece was that in order to document the disintegration of the protest, the artists making it endured the intemperate weather for longer than those whose 'spiritual' beliefs had brought them into conflict with the Chinese government. Looking at "Contours of Staying" from the perspective of belief thus creates the impression that art is stronger than religion.

That said, art is every bit as redundant as religion. Art can no longer be viewed a substitute for spirituality, since while art may have functioned as surrogate form of mystical cretinism for aesthetes in the past, it cannot possibly do so now. With the rise of post-modernism in the late twentieth-century it became impossible to believe that art signified anything spiritual, or that it might offer an alternative to the grubbing commerciality of capitalism. Today art is for

By the 1990s the image of the terrorist had been appropriated by artists such as Matthew McCarthy of The Molotov Organisation, who did things like run into the toilets at the Institute of Contemporary Arts in London to install a 'guerrilla exhibition' circa 1999, as well as pelting the painting "Larger Than Life" by Angela de la Cruz with bananas when it was on display at The Royal Festival Hall in 1998. Art terrorism was a popular media term that fell out of use after 9/11. The

anonymous bombs in suitcases." replaced on our TV screens by stories of sncy characters were apparently no more, planes of the 1960's and 1970's. By the 1990's, revolutions and won airtime on the passenger meet the romantic skyjackers who fought their documentary that eerily foreshadowed 9/11. We H-I-S-T-O-R-Y, the acclaimed hijacking following promotional blurb: "Buckle up for DIAL H-I-S-T-O-R-Y" on DVD and pitch it with the company Other Cinema have issued "Dial suited to gallery installation. The American neither analytical nor particularly linear it is well an issue. Precisely because Grimonprez's work is the part of the art world to deal with terrorism as galleries and at festivals demonstrates a desire on

Implicit in this argument is the notion that religion not only won't but can't endure. Seen from this perspective, the apparent recent years is response to global immiseration, and rather than representing a straightforward continuation of the religious beliefs of the past, it is instead

But let's return for a moment to faith and religion, and specifically to what Marx famously had to say about it in Critique of Hegel's Philosophy of Right: "Religious distress is at the same time the expression of real distress and the protest against real distress. Religion is the sigh of the oppressed creature, the heart of a heartless world, just as it is the spirit of a spiritless situation. It is the opium of the people. The abolition of religion as the illusory happiness of the people is required for their real happiness. The demand to give up the illusion about its condition is the demand to give up the illusion about its condition is the demand to give up a condition which needs illusions."

everyone, and the arts of hip-hop and football are valued as highly as the paintings found in art museums by politicians and 'captains of industry', as well as by fans of music and sport. Indeed popular culture now occupies a prominent place in the curating practices of many museums.

tragi-comedy of fascism was a much later and more cancerous product of modernity than the French Revolution, but the growth of nationalist sentiment which accompanied both has often played a role in the politics of terrorism (the world of the 'urban guerrilla' is addressed directly by Gail Pickering in her contributions to "Here We Dance" and echoes of it are to be found in a

number of other works in the show).

Richard E. Rubenstein assesses the political consequences of pre-9/11 terrorism in his book "Alchemists Of Revolution: Terrorism in the Modern World" (1987): 'Compare the Nazis' sanctification of their terrorist forerunners with the Bolsheviks' insistence that leftist terrorism, however understandable, had always been a mistake... the historical evidence suggests, terrorism is rarely effective as a mode of class struggle. On the contrary, its use by the partisans of a mixed movement generally signifies either that a serious mistake of timing has occurred or that nationalist impulses have replaced social-revolutionary expectations.'

Although it wasn't included in "Here We Dance", the endless re-screening of Johan Grimonprez's scratch video "Dial H-I-S-T-O-R-Y" (1998) in

indicative of their ongoing transformation and destruction. In other words, the traditionalism of Christian and Muslim fundamentalists is a revolt against capitalist modernity and post-modernity; a revolt which despite the conservatism of those rallied under its banners, is destroying the very things it claims to preserve, since 'traditionalism' itself is a product of modernity (i.e. it is a modern invention) and thus serves to erase any real knowledge of the past. Traditionalism did not and could not exist in pre-modern societies for the simple reason that these societies had not experienced modernity. Traditionalism thus contributes to the eradication of all pre-modern systems of belief.

The works selected for inclusion in "Illuminations" self-consciously avoid addressing 'belief' in any of the guises that are readily identifiable as problematic to secular liberals. For example Christian fundamentalism is associated with Protestant sects, and that isn't touched upon here, although Dan Acotionaei's "Crossroads" is an impressive work which among other things draws its power from the ways in which the manipulation of the external trappings of Orthodox Christian belief in Romania have been

The twentieth-century saw its fair share of pseudo-revolutions and many were conducted as neo-classical campaigns replete with Roman salutes; in 1922 the Italian fascists even marched on Rome as a means of persuading the local political and industrial establishment to transfer state power to them. The murderous

phrases...."

"Hegel remarks somewhere that all great world-historical facts and personages appear, so to speak, twice. He forgot to add: the first time as tragedy, the second time as farce... the Revolution of 1789-1814 draped itself alternately in the guise of the Roman Republic and the Roman Empire, and the Revolution of 1848 knew nothing better to do than to parody, now 1789, now the revolutionary tradition of 1793-95.... Just, Napoleon, the heroes as well as the parties and the masses of the old French Revolution, performed the task of their time that of unchaining and establishing modern bourgeois society in Roman costumes and with Roman society in Roman costumes and with Roman

in places he might be productively misread as doing this. Take, for instance, the opening to "The Eighteenth Brumaire of Louis Bonaparte" (1852):

Moving on, in "Hip Hop Ni Sasagu" Sanford Biggers succeeds in simultaneously embracing and parodying Zen Buddhism. For a variety of historical reasons, many of which are tied to the history of the British empire and the deleterious effects of British colonialism, the image of the effects of British colonialism, the image of the

associated with fundamentalism. this is not one of the Islamic sects readily repeated imagery of a boy turning in circles, and immediately invokes Sufi dervishes through its (alongside Buddhism and Hinduism), but it most Lida Abdul's "Dome" does touch on Islam describe the ways in which they lost their faith. Valrie Mrjen's "Dieu" eight former Orthodox Jews practical religion of money worship. Likewise, in belief and its replacement by capitalism as a documents the destruction of 'orthodox' Christian combination of both). Acotionaei's work corporate new world order, or a sign of faith (or a deposed Bolshevik regime and belief in a this is simply to signal their opposition to the and the viewer has no way of knowing whether on a busy city street making the sign of the cross anything else. Acotionaei has filmed pedestrians signity consumerist belligerence more than manipulated to such a degree that they now other in English translation).

The period of the French Revolution between September 1773 and July 1774 is known as The Terror. This was a time at which both the very real threat of invasion by foreign monarchs who were opposed to the flowering of popular sovereignty in Europe, and power struggles within Republican ranks in France, led to the mass execution of those condemned (sometimes wrongly) as enemies of the people. Desmoulins was one of a number of figures guillotined during The Terror who'd played an active role in whipping up the Republican fervour that led to his own death. He was executed at the beginning of April 1794 but the culmination of The Terror came at the end of that July, with the condemnation of its leaders Maximilien Robespierre and Louis de Saint-Just (a bust of the latter occupies a key place in Hamilton Finlay's major work. his garden "Little Sparta").

The French revolution was successful and Desmoulins, Robespierre and Saint-Just, are now regarded as heroes by many people but had the repressive French monarchy survived they might have gone down in history as terrorists. Karl Marx would have had something to say about that, and

Buddhist faith is less tarnished among secular liberals in the overdeveloped world than that of other major world religions, This is despite the active role the Buddhist clergy has played in the murderous repression of the Tamils in Sri Lanka, or the fact that the theocratic Buddhist regime that ruled Tibet (with minor interruptions) until the middle of the twentieth century was despotic. The fact that Buddhism should emerge as the central focus of an exhibition about belief in one of the most important of the overdeveloped worlds art museums is hardly surprising, because religion like art has never been ideologically neutral.

Likewise, while it is untenable to view the way in which Buddhism formed the religious core of "Illuminations" as accidental, it would none-the-less be erroneous to treat this as a self-conscious curatorial decision laid down in advance of the works being selected. It is rather an effect of the art system as a whole, and the institutional regulation of that system. Since Buddhism serves the geo-political interests of the overwhelming majority of those buying works on the European and American art markets (and for the same reasons it is also attractive to deluded

So both the current Tate Modern Level 2 exhibition "Here We Dance" and the Hamilton Finlay piece it features take their titles from this historic slogan (one in the original French and the

gave it a truly sublime beauty ici on danse'. the grove a simple inscription whose placement inscription that could be read at the entrance to they called up were in singular contrast with the innocent victims. These ruins and the memories been raised and who had filled it with so many fall the posterity of the tyrants by whom it had pave been toppled without overwhelming in its of the sight perhaps being that the fortress could fortress's great clock, the most surprising aspect slaves in chains which had aptly adorned the gratings could be seen the bas-relief representing ruins of the Bastille. Amongst its irons and liberty stuck on top. Close by had been buried the there had been planted a pike with a cap of well lit. In the middle of this lair of despotism trees, had been planted there. It was extremely their eyes. An artificial wood, consisting of large a single year had not yet accustomed to believe peld other charms for those whom the passage of qnudeous' muich had been converted into groves, themselves away, the site of the Bastille and its

As touched upon above, what religious belief signifies has changed radically through different historical periods, and the same also holds true for art. Marcel Duchamp insisted that art works died: "So I applied this rule to all artworks, and they after twenty years are finished. Their life is over. They survive all right, because they are part of art history, and art history is not art. I don't believe in preserving, I think as I said that a work of art dies. It's a thing of contemporary life. In other words, in your life you might see things, other words, in your life you might see things, because it's contemporary with your life, it's being because it's contemporary with your life, it's being

members of the bourgeoisie looking to infuse their empty lives, and even emptier heads, with a bit of 'spirituality'), artists wanting their work seen - which given the commodification of art means being able to sell it - are more likely to make pieces drawing on Buddhist themes than say 'militant Islam' (which would undoubtedly be harder to sell to the average merchant banker or hedge fund manager in London or New York). Thus the religious focus of "Illuminations" reflects a bias that already exists at the level of artistic production, and which in its turn is indicative of prejudices found throughout both the art and prejudices found throughout both the art and financial markets of the overdeveloped world.