diffusions=nerator

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Confucius translated by James Legge [1893]

WHAT THE GREAT LEARNING teaches, is to illustrate illustrious virtue; to renovate the people; and to rest in the highest excellence.

The point where to rest being known, the object of pursuit is then determined; and, that being determined, a calm unperturbedness may be attained to. To that calmness there will succeed a tranquil repose. In that repose there may be careful deliberation, and that deliberation will be followed by the attainment of the desired end.

Things have their root and their branches. Affairs have their end and their beginning. To know what is first and what is last will lead near to what is taught in the Great Learning.

The ancients who wished to illustrate illustrious virtue throughout the kingdom, first ordered well their own states. Wishing to order well their states, they first regulated their families. Wishing to regulate their families, they first cultivated their persons. Wishing to cultivate their persons, they first rectified their hearts. Wishing to rectify they first rectified their hearts.

In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "They can discharge their duties to their elder brothers. They can discharge their duties to their younger brothers." Let the ruler discharge his duties to his elder and younger brothers, and then he may teach the people of the

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In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "In his deportment there is nothing wrong; he rectifies all the people of the state." Yes; when the ruler, as a father, a son, and a brother, is a model, then the people imitate him.

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This is what is meant by saying, "The government of his kingdom depends on his regulation of the family."

What is meant by "The making the whole kingdom peaceful and happy depends on the government of his state," this:- When the sovereign behaves to his aged, as the aged when the sovereign behaves to his elders, as the elders should be behaved to, the people learn brotherly submission; when the sovereign treats compassionately the young and helpless, the people do the same. Thus the ruler has a principle

The Great Learning

Confucius

disgrace in the kingdom.

regulate his conduct.

with which, as with a measuring square, he may

What a man dislikes in his superiors, let him not

display in the treatment of his inferiors; what he

dislikes in inferiors, let him not display in the

service of his superiors; what he hates in those

who are behind him, let him not bestow on the

not bestow on the right:- this is what is called

"The principle with which, as with a measuring

In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "How much to be

rejoiced in are these princes, the parents of the

love, and hates what the people hate, then is he

people!" When a prince loves what the people

In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "Lofty is that

southern hill, with its rugged masses of rocks!

states may not neglect to be careful. If they

deviate to a mean selfishness, they will be a

Greatly distinguished are you, O grand-teacher Yin, the people all look up to you. "Rulers of

what is called the parent of the people.

square, to regulate one's conduct."

left; what he hates to receive on the left, let him

who are before him, let him not therewith precede

those who are behind him; what he hates in those

12 II

СОММЕИТАRY OF THE PHILOSOPHER TSANG

In the Announcement to K'ang, it is said, "He was able to make his virtue illustrious."

In the Tai Chia, it is said, "He contemplated and studied the illustrious decrees of Heaven."

In the Canon of the emperor (Yao), it is said, "He was able to make illustrious his lofty virtue."

These passages all show how those sovereigns made themselves illustrious.

On the bathing tub of T'ang, the following words were engraved:

"If you can one day renovate yourself, do so from "ay to day. Yea, let there be daily renovation."

In the Announcement to K'ang, it is said, "To stir up the new people."

In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "Although Chau was an ancient state the ordinance which lighted on it was new."

Therefore, the superior man in everything uses his utmost endeavors.

In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "The royal domain of a thousand li is where the people rest."

.....

their hearts, they first sought to be sincere in

their thoughts. Wishing to be sincere in their

Things being investigated, knowledge became

thoughts were sincere. Their thoughts being

hearts being rectified, their persons were

kingdom was made tranquil and happy.

person the root of everything besides.

has been greatly cared for.

sincere, their hearts were then rectified. Their

cultivated. Their persons being cultivated, their families were regulated. Their families being

regulated, their states were rightly governed.

Their states being rightly governed, the whole

From the Son of Heaven down to the mass of the

people, all must consider the cultivation of the

It cannot be, when the root is neglected, that

what should spring from it will be well ordered. It

never has been the case that what was of great

importance has been slightly cared for, and, at the same time, that what was of slight importance

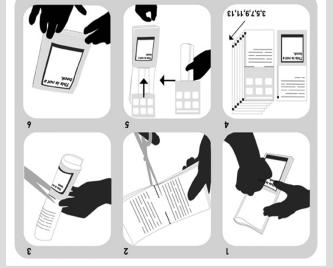
complete. Their knowledge being complete, their

the investigation of things.

thoughts, they first extended to the utmost their knowledge. Such extension of knowledge lay in

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reverence. "How commanding and distinguished! indicates an awe-inspiring deportment. "Our elegant and accomplished prince never can be forgotten," indicates how, when virtue is complete and excellence extreme, the people cannot forget them.

In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "Ah! the former kings are not forgotten." Future princes deem worthy what they deemed worthy, and love what they loved. The common people delight in what delighted them, and are benefited by their beneficial arrangements. It is on this account that the former kings, after they have quitted the world, are not forgotten.

The Master said, "In hearing litigations, I am like any other body. What is necessary is to cause the people to have no litigations." So, those who are devoid of principle find it impossible to carry out their speeches, and a great awe would be struck into men's minds;- this is called knowing the root.

This is called knowing the root. This is called the perfecting of knowledge.

What is meant by "making the thoughts sincere." is the allowing no self-deception, as when we hate a bad smell, and as when we love what is

may lay them on the people. Than to have such a minister, it were better for that house to have one who should rob it of its revenues." This is in accordance with the saying:-"In a state, pecuniary gain is not to be considered to be prosperity, but its prosperity will be found in righteousness."

When he who presides over a state or a family makes his revenues his chief business, he must be under the influence of some small, mean man. He may consider this man to be good; but when such a person is employed in the administration of a state or family, calamities from Heaven, and injuries from men, will befall it together, and, fough a good man may take his place, he will not be able to remedy the evil. This illustrates again the saying, "In a state, gain is not to be considered prosperity, but its prosperity will be found in righteousness."

Sourced from Sacred Texts: www.sacred-texts.com

In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "The twittering yellow bird rests on a corner of the mound." The Master said, "When it rests, it knows where to rest. Is it possible that a man should not be equal to this bird?"

In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "Profound was

King Wan. With how bright and unceasing a

feeling of reverence did he regard his resting

places!" As a sovereign, he rested in benevolence.

As a minister, he rested in reverence. As a son,

communication with his subjects, he rested in

In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "Look at that

bamboos so luxuriant! Here is our elegant and

we chisel and then grind: so has he cultivated

himself. How grave is he and dignified! How majestic and distinguished! Our elegant and

that of self-culture. "How grave is he and

dignified!" indicates the feeling of cautious

accomplished prince! As we cut and then file; as

accomplished prince never can be forgotten." That

expression - "As we cut and then file," the work of

learning. "As we chisel and then grind," indicates

winding course of the Ch'i, with the green

As a father, he rested in kindness. In

he rested in filial piety.

good faith.

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or under the influence of fond regard, or under that of sorrow and distress.

When the mind is not present, we look and do not see; we hear and do not understand; we eat and do not know the taste of what we eat.

This is what is meant by saying that the rectifying or the mind. of the mind.

What is meant by "The regulation of one's family depends on the cultivation of his person is this:men are partial where they feel affection and love; partial where they despise and ceverence; partial where they stand in awe and reverence; partial where they stand in awe and reverence; partial where they are arrogant and rude. Thus it is that there are few men in the world who love and at the same time know the bad qualities of the object of their love, or who hate and yet know the excellences of the object of their hatred.

Hence it is said, in the common adage, "A man does not know the wickedness of his son; he does not know the richness of his growing corn."

This is what is meant by saying that if the person be not cultivated, a man cannot regulate his family.

The officer Mang Hsien said, "He who keeps horses and a carriage does not look after fowls and pigs. The family which keeps its stores of ice does not rear cattle or sheep. So, the house which possesses a hundred chariots should not keep a minister to look out for imposts that he

beautiful. This is called self-enjoyment. Therefore,

the superior man must be watchful over himself

There is no evil to which the mean man, dwelling

himself, concealing his evil, and displaying what is

heart and reins;- of what use is his disguise? This

is an instance of the saying - "What truly is within

superior man must be watchful over himself when

The disciple Tsang said, "What ten eyes behold,

what ten hands point to, is to be regarded with

person. The mind is expanded, and the body is at

ease. Therefore, the superior man must make his

What is meant by, "The cultivation of the person

depends on rectifying the mind may be thus

illustrated:- If a man be under the influence of passion he will be incorrect in his conduct. He will

be the same, if he is under the influence of terror,

Riches adorn a house, and virtue adorns the

retired, will not proceed, but when he sees a

good. The other beholds him, as if he saw his

superior man, he instantly tries to disguise

will be manifested without." Therefore, the

when he is alone.

he is alone.

reverence!"

thoughts sincere.

Never has there been a case of the sovereign loving benevolence, and the people not loving righteousness. Never has there been a case where the people have loved righteousness, and the affairs of the sovereign have not been carried to completion. And never has there been a case where the wealth in such a state, collected in the treasuries and arsenals, did not continue in the sovereign's possession.

Then the wealth will always be sufficient. The virtuous ruler, by means of his wealth, makes himself more distinguished. The vicious ruler accumulates wealth, at the expense of his life.

There is a great course also for the production of wealth. Let the producers be many and the consumers few. Let there be activity in the production, and economy in the expenditure.

accomplished and perspicacious men, to oppose them and not allow their advancement, showing himself really not able to brotect my sons and minister will not be able to protect my sons and grandsons and people; and may he not also be pronounced dangerous to the state?"

It is only the truly virtuous man who can send away such a man and banish him, driving him out among the barbarous tribes around, determined not to dwell along with him in the Auddle Kingdom. This is in accordance with the saying, "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It is only the truly virtuous man who can love or "It"

To see men of worth and not be able to raise them to office; to raise them to office, but not to do so quickly:- this is disrespectful. To see bad men and not be able to remove them; to remove them, but not

to do so to a distance: - this is weakness.

To love those whom men hate, and to hate those whom men love;- this is to outrage the natural feeling of men. Calamities cannot fail to come down on him who does so.

Thus we see that the sovereign has a great course to pursue. He must show entire

16 SI

self-devotion and sincerity to attain it, and by pride and extravagance he will fail of it.

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character and wishes in dealing with others, was been a man, who, not having reference to his own they shall not be in the people. Never has there qualities in himself, and then he may require that them in the people. He must not have the bad of the good qualities, and then he may require this account, the ruler must himself be possessed Ioved, and so the people did not follow them. On issued were contrary to the practices which they people followed them. The orders which these and Chau led on the kingdom with violence, and benevolence and the people followed them. Chieh Yao and Shun led on the kingdom with

.jdgubi 9d Vem state may household be rightly ordered, and then the people She will rightly order her household." Let the foliage! This girl is going to her husband's house. so delicate and elegant! How luxuriant is its In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "That peach tree, depends on the regulation of the family. Thus we see how the government of the state

able effectually to instruct them.

What is meant by "In order rightly to govern the piety:- therewith the sovereign should be served.

state, it is necessary first to regulate the family," is this:- It is not possible for one to teach others, while he cannot teach his own family. Therefore, the ruler, without going beyond his family, completes the lessons for the state. There is filial There is fraternal submission:- therewith elders and superiors should be served. There is kindness:- therewith the multitude should be treated.

In the Announcement to K'ang, it is said, "Act as

if you were watching over an infant." If a mother

is really anxious about it, though she may not hit

exactly the wants of her infant, she will not be far

from doing so. There never has been a girl who

From the loving example of one family a whole

whole state becomes courteous while, from the

ambition and perverseness of the One man, the

whole state may be led to rebellious disorder;-

such is the nature of the influence. This verifies

the saying, "Affairs may be ruined by a single sentence; a kingdom may be settled by its One

state becomes loving, and from its courtesies the

learned to bring up a child, that she might

afterwards marry.

In the Declaration of the Duke of Ch'in, it is said, "Let me have but one minister, plain and sincere, not pretending to other abilities, but with a simple, upright, mind; and possessed of generosity, regarding the talents of others as though he himself possessed them, and, where he finds accomplished and perspicacious men, loving

them in his heart more than his mouth expresses,

and really showing himself able to bear them and

preserve my sons and grandsons and black-haired

people, and benefits likewise to the kingdom may

employ them: - such a minister will be able to

well be looked for from him. But if it be his

jealous and hate them; and, when he finds

character, when he finds men of ability, to be

values, instead, its good men." Duke Wan's uncle, Fan, said, "Our fugitive does not account that to be precious. What he considers precious is the affection due to his parent."

In the Book of Ch'u, it is said, "The kingdom of Ch'u does not consider that to be valuable. It

In the Announcement to K'ang, it is said, "The decree indeed may not always rest on us"; that is, goodness obtains the decree, and the want of goodness loses it.

> by losing the people, the kingdom is lost. daining the people, the kingdom is gained, and, is not easily preserved." This shows that, by warning from the house of Yin. The great decree of the people, they could appear before God. Take sovereigns of the Yin dynasty had lost the hearts In the Book of Poetry, it is said, "Before the

resources for expenditure. its wealth. Possessing the wealth, he will have the territory. Possessing the territory will give him him the people. Possessing the people will give about his own virtue. Possessing virtue will give On this account, the ruler will first take pains

Virtue is the root; wealth is the result.

people, and teach them rapine. result his primary, he will only wrangle with his If he make the root his secondary object, and the

among them is the way to collect the people. scatter the people; and the letting it be scattered Hence, the accumulation of wealth is the way to

departure by the same. and wealth, gotten by improper ways, will take its to right, will come back to him in the same way, And hence, the ruler's words going torth contrary



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